Walker Chandiok & Co LLP L 41, Connaught Circus, Outer Circle. New Delhi - 110 001 India

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Independent Auditor's Review Report on Consolidated Unaudited Quarterly Financial Results and Year to Date Results of GMR Airports Limited (formerly known as GMR Airports Infrastructure Limited) pursuant to the Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (as amended)

To the Board of Directors of GMR Airports Limited (formerly known as GMR Airports Infrastructure Limited)

- 1. We have reviewed the accompanying statement of unaudited consolidated financial results ('the Statement') of GMR Airports Limited (formerly known as GMR Airports Infrastructure Limited) ('GAL' previously 'GIL') ('the Holding Company') and its subsidiaries (the Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as 'the Group'), its associates and joint ventures (refer Annexure 1 for the list of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures included in the Statement) for the quarter ended 30 September 2024 and the consolidated year to date results for the period from 01 April 2024 to 30 September 2024, being submitted by the Holding Company pursuant to the requirements of Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (as amended) ('Listing Regulations').
- 2. This Statement, which is the responsibility of the Holding Company's management and approved by the Holding Company's Board of Directors, has been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in Indian Accounting Standard 34, Interim Financial Reporting ('Ind AS 34'), prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act'), and other accounting principles generally accepted in India and is in compliance with the presentation and disclosure requirements of Regulation 33 of the Listing Regulations. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the Statement based on our review.
- 3. We conducted our review of the Statement in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements (SRE) 2410, Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity, issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act, and consequently, does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

We also performed procedures in accordance with the SEBI Circular CIR/CFD/CMD1/44/2019 dated 29 March 2019 issued by the SEBI under Regulation 33 (8) of the Listing Regulations, to the extent applicable.

4. Based on our review conducted and procedures performed as stated in paragraph 3 above and upon consideration of the review reports of the other auditors referred to in paragraph 7 below, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying Statement, prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in Ind AS 34, prescribed under section 133 of the Act, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, has not disclosed the information required to be disclosed in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 33 of the

Chartered Accountants

Offices in Bengaluru, Chandigarh, Chennai, Gurugram, Hyderabad, Kochi, Kolkata, Mumbai, New Delhi, Noida and Pune

SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (as amended), including the manner in which it is to be disclosed, or that it contains any material misstatement.

5. We draw attention to Note 2 to the accompanying Statement in relation to ongoing litigation between Delhi International Airport Limited ('DIAL') and Airport Authority of India (AAI) in respect of Monthly Annual Fee (MAF) for the period from 19 March 2020 to 28 February 2022 for which DIAL had sought to be excused from making payment to AAI as triggered from a force majeure event, which could have a significant impact on the accompanying Statement, if the potential exposure were to materialize. DIAL has received the award from the Tribunal on 06 January 2024, declaring that DIAL is excused from making payment of Annual Fee to AAI from 19 March 2020 till 28 February 2022, which has been challenged by AAI in the Hon'ble High Court of Delhi which has granted stay on the Arbitration award. The Management, based on an independent legal assessment of the Arbitration award, AAI Appeal and stay order of Hon'ble High Court, believes that DIAL has favorable case to claim relief for the aforementioned period. Our conclusion is not modified in respect of this matter.

The above matter in relation to MAF claims has also been reported as an emphasis of matter in the review report dated 24 October 2024 issued by us along with other Joint auditor on the standalone financial results for the quarter and six-month period ended 30 September 2024 of DIAL, a subsidiary of the Holding Company.

- 6. We have jointly reviewed with another auditor, the interim financial results of 2 subsidiaries included in the Statement, whose financial information reflects (before adjustments for consolidation) total assets of Rs. 35,160.85 crore as on 30 September 2024, total revenues (including other income) of Rs. 1,955.27 crore and Rs. 3,819.51 crore, total net loss after tax of Rs. 330.59 crore and Rs. 574.87 crore and total comprehensive loss of Rs. 100.39 crore and Rs. 311.96 crore for the quarter and sixmonth period ended 30 September 2024 and cash outflows of Rs. 1,151.29 Crore for the six-month period ended 30 September 2024, as considered in the Statement. For the purpose of our conclusion on the consolidated financial results, we have relied upon the work of such other auditor, to the extent of work performed by them.
- 7. We did not review the interim financial results of 15 subsidiaries included in the Statement, whose financial information reflect (before adjustments for consolidation) total assets of Rs. 9,218.48 crore as on 30 September 2024, total revenues of Rs. 759.24 crore and Rs. 1,463.39 crore, total net profit after tax of Rs. 32.96 crore and Rs. 74.93 crore, total comprehensive income of Rs. 32.10 crore and Rs. 72.92 crore for the quarter and six-month period ended 30 September 2024 and cash outflows of Rs. 239.79 crore for the six-month period ended 30 September 2024, as considered in the Statement. The Statement also includes the Group's share of net profit after tax of Rs. 12.00 Crore and Rs. 23.32 crore and total comprehensive income of Rs. 12.08 crore and Rs. 23.38 crore, for the quarter and six-month period ended 30 September 2024, as considered in the Statement, in respect of 1 associate and 4 joint ventures (including 1 joint venture consolidated for the quarter and six-month period ended 30 June 2024, with a quarter lag), whose financial results have not been reviewed by us. These interim financial results have been reviewed by other auditors whose review reports have been furnished to us by the management, and our conclusion in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries/associates/ joint ventures is based solely on the review reports of such other auditors and the procedures performed by us as stated in paragraph 3 above.

Further, of these subsidiaries/ associates/ joint ventures, 1 joint venture is located outside India, whose interim financial results have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in its country and which have been reviewed by other auditors under generally accepted accounting standards applicable in its country. The Holding Company's management has converted the financial results of such joint venture from accounting principles generally accepted in their country to accounting principles generally accepted in India. We have reviewed these conversion adjustments made by the Holding Company's management. Our conclusion, in so far as it relates to the balances and affairs of this joint venture is based on the review report of other auditors and the conversion adjustments prepared by the management of the Holding Company and reviewed by us.

Our conclusion is not modified in respect of these matters with respect to our reliance on the work done by and the reports of the other auditors.

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The Statement includes the financial results of 5 subsidiaries (including 5 subsidiaries consolidated for the guarter and six-month period ended 30 June 2024, with a guarter lag), which have not been reviewed/audited by their auditors, whose interim financial results reflect (before adjustments for consolidation) total assets of Rs. 2,526.42 crore as on 30 September 2024, total revenues of Rs. 3.57 crore and Rs. 7.15 crore, total net loss after tax of Rs. 20.37 crore and Rs. 45.24 crore, total comprehensive loss of Rs. 20.37 crore and Rs. 45.24 crore for the guarter and six-month period ended 30 September 2024 and cash outflows of Rs. 5.19 crore for the six-month period ended 30 September 2024, as considered in the Statement. The Statement also includes the Group's share of net loss after tax of Rs. 5.24 crore and Rs. 12.22 crore, and total comprehensive loss of Rs. 5.24 crore and Rs. 12.22 crore for the guarter and six-month period ended on 30 September 2024, in respect of 1 associate and 8 joint ventures (including 7 joint ventures consolidated for the quarter and six-month period ended 30 June 2024, with a quarter lag), based on their interim financial results, which have not been reviewed/audited by their auditors, and have been furnished to us by the Holding Company's management. Our conclusion on the Statement, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, are based solely on such unaudited/unreviewed interim financial results. According to the information and explanations given to us by the management, these interim financial statements/ financial information/ financial results are not material to the Group.

Our conclusion is not modified in respect of this matter with respect to our reliance on the financial results certified by the Board of Directors.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Anamitra Das

Partner

Membership No. 062191

UDIN: 24062191BKDGGT8127

Place: New Delhi Date: 24 October 2024

Annexure 1

List of entities included in the Statement

| | Holding Company |
|---|--|
| 1 | GMR Airports Limited (formerly known as GMR Airports Infrastructure Limited) |

| S No | Subsidiary | S No | Subsidiary |
|------|---|------|--|
| 1 | GMR Hyderabad International Airport Limited | 12 | GMR Airports (Mauritius) Limited |
| | • | | (Liquidated on 14 August 2024) |
| 2 | GMR Hyderabad Aerotropolis Limited | 13 | GMR Airports (Singapore) Pte Ltd |
| 3 | GMR Hyderabad Aviation SEZ Limited | 14 | GMR Airports Greece Single Member SA |
| 4 | GMR Hospitality and Retail Limited | 15 | GMR Kannur Duty Free Services Limited |
| 5 | GMR Air Cargo and Aerospace Engineering Limited | 16 | GMR Nagpur International Airport Limited |
| 6 | GMR Airport Developers Limited | 17 | GMR Vishakhapatnam International Airport Limited |
| 7 | GMR Aero Technic Limited | 18 | GMR Airport Netherland BV |
| 8 | Delhi International Airport Limited | 19 | Raxa Security Services Limited |
| 9 | Delhi Airport Parking Services Private Limited | 20 | GMR Business Process and Services |
| | | | Private Limited |
| 10 | GMR Goa International Airports Limited | 21 | GMR Corporate Affairs Limited |
| 11 | GMR International Airport BV | 22 | GMR Hospitality Limited |

| S No | Joint Ventures | S No | Joint Ventures |
|------|---|------|---|
| 1 | Laqshya Hyderabad Airport Media Private Limited | 8 | Aboitiz GMR Megawide Cebu Airport Corporation (Formerly known as GMR Megawide Cebu Airport Corporation) |
| 2 | ESR GMR Logistics Park Private Limited (formerly known as GMR Logistics Park Private Limited) | 9 | Mactan Travel Retail Group Corporation |
| 3 | Delhi Aviation Services Private Limited | 10 | SSP- Mactan Cebu Corporation |
| 4 | Delhi Aviation Fuel Facility Private Limited | 11 | International Airport of Heraklion Crete SA |
| 5 | Delhi Duty Free Services Private Limited | 12 | Megawide GMR Construction JV |
| 6 | GMR Bajoli Holi Hydropower Private Limited | 13 | PT Angkasa Pura Aviasi |
| 7 | Globemerchants Inc. (acquired on 16 December 2022) | | |

| S No | Associates | S No | Associates |
|------|---|------|---|
| 1 | TIM Delhi Airport Advertising Private Limited | 3 | Travel Food Services (Delhi T3) Private Limited |
| 2 | Celebi Delhi Cargo Terminal Management India Private Limited | 4 | Digi Yatra Foundation |



GMR Airports Limited (formerly known as GMR Airports Infrastructure Limited)

Corporate Identity Number (CIN): L52231HR1996PLC113564
Registered Office: Unit No - 12, 18th Floor, Tower A, Building No. 5 DLF Cyber City, DLF Phase - III Gurugram - 122002, Haryana, India,
Phone: 191 124 6637750 Fax: 191 124 6637778

Email: gil.cosecy//gmrgroup.in Website: www.gmrinfra.com

Statement of consolidated financial results for the quarter and six month period ended September 30, 2024

| | | | | | | (Rs, in crore) | |
|---|--------------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------------|--------------------|----------------|--|
| | Quarter ended | | | Six month period ended | | Year ended | |
| Particulars | September 30, 2024 | June 30, 2024 | September 30, 2023 | September 30, 2024 | September 30, 2023 | March 31, 2024 | |
| | Unaudited | Unaudited | Unaudited | Unaudited | Unaudited | Aaudited | |
| A. Continuing operations | | | | | | | |
| 1. Income | 2.405.47 | 2 102 20 | 2,063.50 | 4,897.66 | 4,081.13 | 8,754.5 | |
| a) Revenue from operations | 2,495,46 | 2,402.20 | | | 207.40 | 452.4 | |
| b) Other income | 102,63 | 120.09 | 98.88 | 222.72 | 4,288.53 | 9,206.9 | |
| Total income | 2,598.09 | 2,522.29 | 2,162.38 | 5,120.38 | 4,200.33 | 9,200.9 | |
| 2. Expenses | | | | | | | |
| a) Revenue share paid/payable to concessionaire grantors (refer note 2) | 636,91 | 556,26 | 578,15 | 1,193.17 | 1,126,96 | 2,346.5 | |
| b) Cost of materials consumed | 42,99 | 36.58 | 18,20 | 79 57 | 37.05 | 94,4 | |
| e) Purchase of stock in trade | 41.78 | 31,49 | 38,52 | 73,27 | 48_59 | 113,4 | |
| d) Changes in inventories of stock in trade | (7,87) | 1_26 | (13.52) | (6.61) | 2,88 | 6.6 | |
| e) Sub-contracting expenses | 33.91 | 29.28 | 10.24 | 63,19 | 15.18 | 65,5 | |
| Employee benefits expense | 367 96 | 338.33 | 289.52 | 706.29 | 564.78 | 1,242,1 | |
| g) Other expenses | 512 84 | 511.11 | 415.72 | 1,023,95 | 806.50 | 1,919. | |
| h) Foreign exchange fluctuations loss (net) | 7.77 | 1.63 | 0.56 | 9.40 | 1.32 | 0. | |
| | 1,636.29 | 1,505.94 | 1,337.39 | 3,142.23 | 2,603.26 | 5,788.7 | |
| Total expenses | 1,030.27 | · (Bools (| 1,000 | | | | |
| l. Earnings before finance cost, tax, depreciation and amortisation expenses (EBITDA) and exceptional items (1 - 2) | 961.80 | 1,016.35 | 824.99 | 1,978.15 | 1,685.27 | 3,418.2 | |
| 4. Finance costs (refer note 11) | 1,030.95 | 889 42 | 672.67 | 1,920,37 | 1,248.61 | 2,928. | |
| 5. Depreciation and amortisation expenses | 474.23 | 466,16 | 373.00 | 940,39 | 668.60 | 1,465.5 | |
| 6. Loss before share of profit of investments accounted for using equity method, exceptional items and tax from continuing operations (3) - (4) - (5) | (543.38) | (339.23) | (220.68) | (882.61) | (231.94) | (976.5 | |
| 7. Share of profit of investments accounted for using equity method | 48 63 | 39,50 | 116,55 | 88_13 | 164 13 | 225 | |
| 8. Loss before exceptional items and tax from continuing operations (6) + (7) | (494.75) | (299.73) | | (794.48) | (67.81) | | |
| 9. Exceptional items gain/ (loss) (net) (refer note 5) | 108.73 | | (31.36) | 108.73 | 44.76 | 115.0 | |
| 10. Loss before tax from continuing operations (8) + (9) | (386.02) | (299.73) | (135.49) | (685.75) | (23.05) | (636.2 | |
| 11. Tax expense on continuing operations (net) | 42.75 | 37.84 | 54,86 | 80.59 | 151,85 | 192. | |
| 12. Loss after tax from continuing operations (10) - (11) | (428.77) | (337.57) | (190.35) | (766.34) | (174.90) | (828.8 | |
| B. Discontinued operations 13. Profit before tax expense from discontinued operations | ş e | | .* | | 1.49 | 1. | |
| 14. Tax expense on discontinued operations (net) | - 6 | | | 2. | 0.10 | 0. | |
| 15. Profit after tax from discontinued operations (13) - (14) | := | * | Yes | 5 | 1.39 | 1 | |





| | | | | | | (Rs. in crore) |
|---|---|---------------|--------------------|------------------------|--------------------|----------------|
| | Quarter ended | | | Six month period ended | | Year ended |
| Particulars | September 30, 2024 | June 30, 2024 | September 30, 2023 | September 30, 2024 | September 30, 2023 | March 31, 2024 |
| A distance of | Unaudited | Unaudited | Unaudited | Unaudited | Unaudited | Aaudited |
| 16. Loss after tax for the respective | (428.77) | (337.57) | (190.35) | (766.34) | (173.51) | (827.50) |
| periods / year (12) + (15) | (,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | (| ` ' | | | |
| 17. Other comprehensive income (net of tax) | | | | | | |
| Continuing operations | 1 | | | 223.27 | (184.07) | (83,62) |
| Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss | 213,23 | 16_14 | (45.29) | 229,37 | (39.29) | (85.51) |
| Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss | (40,95) | (36.80) | (38.73) | (77,75) | (39,29) | الداده) |
| Discontinued operations | | | | | | |
| Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss | | - | | | | |
| Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss | | - | - | :* | | |
| Total other comprehensive income, net of tax for the | 172.20 | (20.66) | (84.02) | 151.62 | (223,36) | (169.13) |
| respective periods/ year | 172,28 | (20.00) | (04.02) | 131,02 | (1100) | (10,110, |
| 40 The Land Land Land Land Land Land | | | | | | .004 631 |
| 18. Total comprehensive income for the respective periods/ year (16) ± (17) | (256.49) | (358.23) | (274.37) | (614.72) | (396.87) | (996,63) |
| | | | | | | |
| Loss attributable to | (280.40) | (141.65) | (91.03) | (422,05) | (120.83) | (559,27) |
| a) Owners of the Company | (148.37) | (195.92) | | (344.29) | (52.68) | (268.23) |
| b) Non controlling interest | (146,37) | (175,72) | (77,32) | (511,27) | (02.00) | ``` |
| Other comprehensive income attributable to | 95.74 | (40,71) | (59.25) | 55.03 | (80,44) | (80,62) |
| a) Owners of the Company | 76.54 | 20.05 | (24.77) | 96.59 | (142 92) | (88.51) |
| b) Non controlling interest | /0,24 | 20,03 | (=1517) | | 11. 20 | 1.75 |
| Total comprehensive income attributable to | (184,66) | (182 36) | (150.28) | (367.02) | (201,27) | (639.89) |
| a) Owners of the Company | (71.83) | (175.87) | (124.09) | (247.70) | (195,60) | (356,74 |
| b) Non controlling interest | (1803) | (1.12201) | <u> </u> | . ~ . | | |
| Total comprehensive income attributable to owners of | | (102.24) | (150.39) | (367.02) | (201.72) | (640,34 |
| a) Continuing operations | (184,66) | (182,36) | (150.28) | (307.027 | 0.45 | 0.45 |
| b) Discontinued operations | * | *: | | | | |
| 19. Paid-up equity share capital | 1,055.90 | 603.59 | 603.59 | 1,055.90 | 603.59 | 603.59 |
| (Face value - Re, I per share) | | | | | | |
| 20. Total equity (excluding equity share capital) | 1 | | | | | (1,473.25) |
| | | | | | | |
| 21. Earnings per share Continuing operations - (Rs.) (not annualised) | | | | | | |
| Basic | (0.29) | (0.23) | (0.15) | (0.54) | (0.20) | (0,93 |
| Diluted | (0.29) | (0.23) | | | (0,20) | (0.93 |
| Discontinued operations - (Rs.) (not annualised) | | | | | | |
| | | 8 | 12 | 2 2 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Basic | 2 | 9 | 4 | 1= | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Diluted | 201 | | | | | |
| Total operations - (Rs.) (not annualised) | (0.30) | (0.23) | (0.15) | (0.54) | (0.20) | (0.93 |
| Basic | (0.29) | (0.23) | 100 | | | |
| Diluted | (0.29) | (0.23) | 10.15 | (102.47 | 10.2 | 1 |





GMR Airports Limited (formerly known as GMR Airports Infrastructure Limited) Corporate Identity Number (CIN): 1.52231HR1996PLC113564

Disclosure as per regulation 52(4) of SEB1 (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation, 2015

| | | Quarter ended | | | Six month period ended | |
|--|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------------|----------------|
| articulars | September 30, 2024 | June 30, 2024 | September 30, 2023 | September 30, 2024 | September 30, 2023 | March 31, 2024 |
| atio (refer note 10) | | | | | | |
| etworth (Rs. in crore) | (725,46) | (1,221,44) | 554.08 | (725.46) | | (869,66 |
| ebt Equity Ratio (no. of times) | (49.46) | (29.04) | 56,81 | (49 46) | | (41.29 |
| ebt Service Coverage Ratio (no. of times) | 0,27 | 0.62 | 0.59 | 0.38 | 0.41 | 0.37 |
| terest Service Coverage Ratio (no. of times) | 0,94 | l ₋ 14 | 1,32 | 1,03 | 1,36 | 1,23 |
| urrent Ratio (no. of times) | 0.97 | 1.05 | 0.75 | 0.97 | 0.75 | 1,18 |
| ong term debt to Working Capital (no. of times) | (188.28) | 131.23 | (11.53) | (188.28) | (11.53) | 30.70 |
| urrent liability ratio (no. of times) | 0.12 | 0.12 | 0,22 | 0,12 | 0,22 | 0,13 |
| otal Debt to Total Assets (no. of times) | 0.74 | 0.74 | 0.71 | 0.74 | 0.71 | 0.74 |
| rade Receivable turnover ratio (no. of times) (Annualised) | 11:37 | 10.96 | 11,42 | 11.15 | 11,29 | 11.59 |
| et profit margin (%) | -17:18% | -14.05% | -9.22% | -15.65% | -4,29% | (2012) No. |
| perating profit margin (%) | 38.54% | 42.31% | 39 98% | 40.39% | 41 29% | |
| ventory turnover ratio (no. of times) (Annualised) | 2.23 | 2:10 | 1,27 | 2.12 | 1,30 | 1,6 |
| edenture redemption reserve (Rs. in crore) | 253.00 | 253.00 | 199.00 | 253.00 | 199,00 | 253.0 |
| utstanding redeemable prefernce shares (Rs. in crore) | NA | NA | NA. | NA | NA | N. |
| ad debts to account receivable (no of times) | NA | - NA | NA | NA | NA | N, |





GMR Airports Limited (formerly known as GMR Airports Infrastructure Limited) Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities

(Rs. in crore)

| | Particulars | As at September 30, 2024 | As at March 31, 2024 |
|---|---|--------------------------|----------------------|
| | | (Unaudited) | (Audited) |
| Α | Assets | | |
| 1 | Non-current assets | 04.550.03 | 27,235,93 |
| | Property, plant and equipment | 26,772.93 | 1,669.84 |
| | Capital work-in-progress | 2,865.17 | |
| | Goodwill | 436.68 | 436.68 |
| | Other intangible assets | 450.91 | 450.09 |
| | Right of use asset | 587,52 | 614.08 |
| | Intangible assets under development | 3,46 | 3.99 |
| | Investments accounted for using equity method | 1,383 91 | 1,415 02 |
| | Financial assets | | |
| | Investments | 248.90 | 192.55 |
| | Loans | 2,598.65 | 2,317.05 |
| | Other financial assets | 3,294,28 | 2,811,16 |
| | Income tax assets (net) | 161.07 | 139.69 |
| | Deferred tax assets (net) | 632,85 | 699.05 |
| | Other non-current assets | 2,763.33 | 2,656.09 |
| | 3.1.1. 1.0.1. 1.1. 1.1. 1.1. 1.1. 1.1. 1.1. 1.1. | 42,199.66 | 40,641.22 |
| 2 | Current assets | | |
| - | Inventories | 145.18 | 130,27 |
| | Financial assets | | |
| | Investments | 3,100.99 | 2,817.49 |
| | Trade receivables | 454.05 | 481.66 |
| | | 388.67 | 1,794.86 |
| | Cash and cash equivalents Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents | 522.71 | 1,030.73 |
| | | 69.31 | 313,93 |
| | Loans Other financial assets | 740.53 | 689.21 |
| | | 325.56 | 281.72 |
| | Other current assets | 5,747.00 | 7,539.88 |
| | | 475.16 | 501.96 |
| | Assets held for sale | 6,222.16 | 8,041.84 |
| | m 4.1 | 48,421.82 | 48,683.06 |
| | Total assets | 40,421.02 | 10,000,00 |
| В | Equity and liabilities | | |
| 3 | Equity | 1 | |
| | Equity share capital | 1,055.90 | 603.5 |
| | Other equity | (2,754,71) | (2,767.7 |
| | Equity attributable to equity holders of the parent | (1,698.81) | (2,164,16 |
| | Non-controlling interests | 973,35 | 1,294.5 |
| | Total equity | (725.46) | (869.60 |
| | | | |
| | Liabilities | | |
| 4 | Non-current liabilities | | |
| | Financial liabilities | 24.557.01 | 24 322 6 |
| | Borrowings | 34,557.81 | 34,332,6 |
| | Lease liabilities | 524,23 | 549.3 |
| | Other financial liabilities | 3,427,35 | 3,493,9 |
| | Provisions | 50,84 | 45,4 |
| | Deferred tax liabilities (net) | 198,87 | 194.5 |
| | Other non-current liabilities | 3,296,39 | 3,374.8 |
| | | 42,055.49 | 41,990.7 |
| 5 | Current liabilities | | |
| | Financial liabilities | | |
| | Borrowings | 723.95 | 951.9 |
| | Lease liabilities | 76.18 | 70,9 |
| | Trade payables | 884.63 | 1,085.3 |
| | Other financial liabilities | 2,704.05 | 3,192.3 |
| | Other current liabilities | 1,272.99 | 844.9 |
| | Provisions | 266.58 | 256.4 |
| | Current tax liabilities (net) | 4.94 | 3,9 |
| | Current tax flatifices (fiet) | 5,933.32 | 6,405.8 |
| | Liabilities classified as held for sale | 1,158.47 | 1,156.0 |
| | | 1,130,17 | |
| | Exabilities classified as field for suite | 7.091 79 | 7,561.9 |
| | Total equity and liabilities | 7,091.79 48,421.82 | 7,561.9 48,683.0 |





GMR Airports Limited (formerly known as GMR Airports Infrastructure Limited)

Consolidated statement of cash flows for the six month period ended September 30, 2024

(Rs. in erore)

| | | (Rs. in crore) |
|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Particulars | September 30, 2024 (Unaudited) | September 30, 2023 (Unaudited) |
| Cash flow from operating activities | | |
| Loss from continuing operations before tax expenses | (685,75) | (23.05) |
| Profit from discontinued operations before tax expenses | | 1,49 |
| Loss before tax expenses | (685.75) | (21.56) |
| Adjustments to reconcile loss before tax to net eash flows | 0.46.20 | ((0.(1) |
| Depreciation of property, plant and equipment and amortization of intangible assets and right of use assets | 940,39 | 668,60 |
| Income from government grant | (2,64) | (2.64) |
| Provisions no longer required, written back | (1.66) | (1,21) |
| Exceptional items (gain) net | (108,73) | (44.76) |
| Foreign exchange fluctuations loss | 9,40 | 1,32 |
| Loss on sale/ write off on property, plant and equipment (net) | 2,40 | 1,32 |
| Provision / write off of doubtful advances and trade receivables | 0,26 | 1,04 |
| Interest expenses on financial liability carried at amortised cost | 85,21 | 55,62 |
| Deferred income on financial liabilities carried at amortized cost | (81.37) | (72,05) |
| Gain on fair value of investment (net) | (63.51) | (55,81) |
| Finance costs | 1,835.16 | 1,192,99 |
| Finance income | (115.75) | (146,14) |
| Share of profit from investments accounted for using equity method | (88.13) | (164.13) |
| | 1,725.28 | 1,412.59 |
| Operating profit before working capital changes | ., | |
| Movements in working capital: | | |
| Increase in trade payables, financial liabilities/other liabilities and provisions | 215.28 | 1,551,55 |
| (Increase)/ decrease in inventories, trade receivable, financial assets and other assets | (353,37) | 3,56 |
| Cash generated from operations | 1,587.19 | 2,967.70 |
| Direct taxes paid (net) | (69.41) | (69.52) |
| Net cash flow generated from operating activities (A) | 1,517.78 | 2,898.18 |
| Cash flow from investing activities | | |
| | (2,060.68) | (2,071.16) |
| Purchase of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and cost incurred towards such assets | (=,====, | , , , , , |
| under construction / development (net) | 150.00 | 200.00 |
| Advance consideration received against investment | | 139.47 |
| Proceeds from disposal of subsidiary | | (16.29) |
| Payment for acquisition of additional stake in subsidiaries | (36.97) | (484.69) |
| Loans given (net) | (276,34) | (892.34) |
| Purchase of investments (net) | 491,75 | (178.92) |
| Movement in investments in bank deposits (net) (having original maturity of more than three month) | 100.48 | 126.17 |
| Dividend received from investments accounted for using equity method | 51,90 | 128.42 |
| Finance income received | | (3,049.34) |
| Net cash flow used in investing activities (B) | (1,579.86) | (3,049.34) |
| Cash flow from financing activities | | |
| Proceeds from borrowings | 3,273,25 | 2,106.50 |
| Repayment of borrowings (including current maturities) | (3,262.30) | (2,899,81) |
| Proceeds from cancellation of mark to market instruments | 106.35 | 560 |
| Repayment of lease liabilities | (59.94) | (18.82) |
| Finance costs paid | (1,405.05) | (1,572.38) |
| Net cash used in financing activities (C) | (1,347.69) | (2,384.51) |
| | (1.400.77) | (2,535.67) |
| Not decrease in eash and eash equivalents (A + B + C) | (1,409.77) 1,794.64 | 3,277.71 |
| Cash and cash equivalents as at beginning of the year | | 0.32 |
| Effect of exchange translation difference on cash and eash equivalents held in foreign currency | (0.98) | - |
| Cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the period | 383.89 | 742.36 |
| Components of cash and cash equivalents | | |
| Balances with banks: | | |
| - On current accounts | 310,42 | 226.93 |
| Deposits with original maturity of less than three month | 56.06 | 513.89 |
| Cash on hand | 22.19 | 1.54 |
| Cash credit and overdrafts from bank | (4.78) | |
| | 383.89 | 742.36 |
| Total cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the period | 20010 | |





1. Consolidation and Segment Reporting

- a. GMR Airports Limited (formerly known as GMR Airports Infrastructure Limited) (GAL previously GIL) ('the Company', 'the Holding Company') carries on its business through various subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates (hereinafter referred to as 'the Group'), being special purpose vehicles exclusively formed to build and operate various airport projects. The Group is engaged in designing, building and operating airports in India and overseas. The Company predominantly holds investment in the Airport and its allied business.
- b. The Board had approved a detailed Scheme of Merger of erstwhile GMR Airports Limited (erstwhile GAL) with GMR Infra Developers Limited (GIDL) followed by merger of merged GIDL with the Company and the scheme of arrangement as detailed in note 6 (b) has become effective from July 25, 2024. In terms of the Clause 14.2.2. of the Scheme, the name of the Company stands changed from "GMR Airports Infrastructure Limited" to "GMR Airports Limited" on receipt of a fresh Certificate of Incorporation dated September 11, 2024 from ROC Delhi and Haryana.
- c. The business activities of the Group fall within single business segment in terms of Ind-AS 108 'Operating Segment'.
- d. Investors can view the results of the Company on the Company's website www.gmrinfra.com or on the websites of BSE (www.bseindia.com) or NSE (www.nseindia.com).
- 2. DIAL issued various communications to Airports Authority of India ("AAI") from the month of March 2020 onwards inter-alia under Article 16 (Force Majeure) and informed AAI about the impact of Covid-19 on the Delhi International Airport and expressed its inability to perform its certain obligations under OMDA and thereby requested for excusal from payment of MAF on account of the same. The said event(s) of Force Majeure had also been admitted by AAI in its communication to DIAL. Consequently, DIAL was entitled to suspend or excuse the performance of its said obligation to pay Annual Fee/Monthly Annual Fee in accordance with OMDA, as notified to AAI. However, AAI had not agreed to such entitlement of DIAL under OMDA. This had resulted in a dispute between DIAL and AAI and for the settlement of which, DIAL had invoked on September 18, 2020 dispute resolution mechanism in terms of Article 15 of OMDA. Further, on December 02, 2020, DIAL again requested to AAI to direct the ICICI Bank (Escrow Bank) to not to transfer the amounts from Proceeds Accounts to AAI Fee Account, seeking similar treatment as granted by Hon'ble High Court of Delhi to Mumbai International Airport Limited.

In the absence of response from AAI, DIAL approached Hon'ble High Court of Delhi seeking certain interim reliefs by filing a petition under section 9 of Arbitration & Conciliation Act on December 05, 2020 due to the occurrence of Force Majeure event due to post outbreak of COVID 19 and its consequential impact on business of DIAL, against AAI and ICICI Bank (Escrow Bank). The Hon'ble High Court of Delhi vide its order dated January 05, 2021 has granted ad-interim reliefs with following directions:





- The ICICI Bank is directed to transfer back, into the Proceeds Account, any amount which may have been transferred from the Proceeds Account to the AAI Fee Account, after December 09, 2020,
- Transfer of moneys from the Proceeds Account to the AAI Fee Account, pending further orders, shall stand stayed and DIAL can use money in Proceeds Account to meet its operational expenses.

Meanwhile with the nomination of arbitrators by DIAL and AAI and appointment of presiding arbitrator, the arbitration tribunal had been commenced from January 13, 2021. The final arguments before arbitration tribunal were concluded in March 2023.

Before DIAL's above referred section 9 petition could be finally disposed off, AAI preferred an appeal against the ad-interim order dated January 05, 2021 under section 37 of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996 before division bench of Hon'ble High Court of Delhi, these proceedings were subsequently dismissed/disposed off in view of the settlement arrived at between the DIAL and AAI.

Basis the legal opinion obtained, DIAL was entitled to not to pay the Monthly Annual fee under article 11.1.2 of OMDA to AAI being an obligation it was not in a position to perform or render on account of occurrence of Force Majeure Event, in terms of the provisions of Article 16.1 of OMDA till such time DIAL achieves level of activity prevailing before occurrence of Force majeure. Further, DIAL had also sought relief for refund of MAF of an amount of Rs. 465.77 crore appropriated by AAI for the period starting from March 19, 2020 till December 2020.

In view of the above, the management of DIAL had not provided the Monthly Annual Fee to AAI for the period April 01, 2020 to March 31, 2022 amounting to Rs. 1,758.28 crore.

As AAI had already appropriated the Monthly Annual Fee amounting to Rs. 446.21 crore from April 01, 2020 till December 09, 2020, which DIAL had already protested. The same had been shown as Advance to AAI paid under protest. However, since the recovery of this amount was sub-judice before the Hon'ble High Court of Delhi and the arbitral tribunal, as a matter of prudence, DIAL had created a provision against above advance and shown the same in other expenses during the financial year ended March 31, 2021.

As an interim arrangement the Parties (DIAL and AAI) by mutual consent and without prejudice to their rights and contentions in the dispute before the arbitral tribunal, had entered into a settlement agreement dated April 25, 2022, for the payment of Annual Fee/ Monthly Annual Fee (AF/ MAF) with effect from April 2022, prospectively. Accordingly, DIAL has paid MAF to AAI w.e.f. April 01, 2022 onwards as per approved Business Plan.





Consequent to this interim arrangement, both DIAL and AAI had filed copy of the settlement agreement in their respective petition and appeal before Hon'ble High Court of Delhi and have withdrawn the pending proceedings. This arrangement was entirely without prejudice to the rights and contentions of the parties in respect of their respective claims and counter claims in pending arbitration proceedings, including the disputes in respect of payment/ non-payment of MAF from March 19, 2020 onwards, till such time as provided in Article 16.1.5 (c) of OMDA.

The Arbitral Tribunal on January 06, 2024 (corrected on January 16, 2024) has pronounced the award dated December 21, 2023 As per the award, DIAL is excused from making payment of Annual Fee to AAI from March 19, 2020 till February 28, 2022.

AAI has filed Petition under Section 34 of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996 for setting aside the Arbitral Award on April 05, 2024 in Hon'ble High Court of Delhi. The hearing in matter was held on April 29, 2024, wherein the Hon'ble High Court of Delhi has granted stay on the arbitration award subject to AAI depositing amount of Rs. 471.04 crore payable to DIAL as per award within three weeks in the Hon'ble High Court of Delhi. Subsequently, AAI has deposited Rs. 471.04 crore in court on May 15, 2024. The matter was last heard on September 06, 2024 and is listed for final arguments on November 20, 2024 and November 21, 2024.

Basis the elaborate findings by Arbitral Tribunal on the claims of DIAL, the legal assessment of the petition filed by AAI and deposit of Rs. 471.04 crore made by AAI with the Hon'ble High Court of Delhi, the management believes that DIAL has a strong case in its favour to succeed in maintaining the relief granted by arbitral tribunal on the excuse from payment of MAF during the period March 19, 2020 till February 28, 2022 and the corresponding extension of the term of OMDA. Accordingly, DIAL has reversed the Provision against advance created for Rs. 446.21 crore in FY 2020-21 and is disclosed by DIAL as an "Exceptional item" during the year ended March 31, 2024.

Further, AAI has raised the invoice towards MAF of March 2022 on May 01, 2024 and requested payment along with interest, DIAL has paid MAF and interest to AAI on May 06, 2024. Accordingly, the amount of Rs. 156.81 crore for MAF of March 2022 and Rs. 8.03 crore for interest till March 31, 2024 is disclosed by DIAL as an "Exceptional item" during the year ended March 31, 2024.

3. (a) GMR Hyderabad International Airport Limited ('GHIAL'), a subsidiary of the Company, had filed an appeal, challenging the disallowance of pre-control period losses and foreign exchange loss on external commercial borrowings, classification of revenues from ground handling, cargo and fuel farm as aeronautical revenues and other issues for determination of aeronautical tariff for the First Control Period ("FCP") commencing from April 01, 2011 to March 31, 2016 by Airport Economic Regulatory Authority ('AERA').





In relation to determination of tariff for the Second Control Period ("SCP"), commencing from April 01, 2016 to March 31, 2021, AERA had issued a consultation paper on November 19, 2017. However, as the aforesaid consultation paper does not address the issues arising out of the FCP, including true up for shortfall of receipt vis-a-vis entitlement for the FCP, GHIAL had filed a writ petition and obtained a stay order from the Hon'ble High Court at Hyderabad in the month of February 2018 in respect of further proceedings in determination of tariff order for the SCP. The Adjudicating Authority, Telecom Disputes Settlement Appellate Tribunal (TDSAT), vide its disposal order dated March 04, 2020 had directed AERA to reconsider the issues afresh while determining the aeronautical tariff for the Third Control Period commencing ("TCP") from April 01, 2021.

During the month of August 2021, AERA issued Tariff Order ("the Order") effective from October 01, 2021 for the TCP commencing from April 01, 2021 to March 31, 2026. GHIAL in the month of September 2021, had filed an appeal against the Order with TDSAT, as the management was of the view that AERA had not considered the outstanding issues of FCP and SCP in determination of aeronautical tariff for the TCP as directed by TDSAT vide its order dated March 04, 2020, while continuing to charge the aeronautical tariff as determined by AERA.

During the previous year ended March 31, 2024, TDSAT has pronounced the Judgement and has adjudicated various issues raised by GHIAL including directing AERA to true up the pre-control period losses, to treat CGF as non-aeronautical revenue etc., in favour of GHIAL. However, TDSAT ruled in favor of AERA on certain other issues. GHIAL has filed caveat petition with the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India to avoid any ex-parte orders in case AERA files an appeal against the TDSAT order.

During the current quarter ended September 30, 2024, AERA filed an appeal in the Hon'ble Supreme Court against the TDSAT order. The matter is currently sub judice with the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India.

The management has also obtained legal opinion according to which GHIAL's contention as above is appropriate as per the terms of the Concession agreement and AERA Act, 2008.

(b) In case of DIAL, AERA has issued tariff order no 57/2020-21 for third control period ("CP3") starting from April 01, 2019 to March 31, 2024 on December 30, 2020 allowing DIAL to continue with Base Airport Charges ("BAC") +10% tariff for the balance period of third control period. AERA has also allowed compensatory tariff in lieu of Fuel Throughput Charges w.e.f. February 01, 2021 for the balance period of third control period. DIAL had also filed an appeal against some of AERA's decision in third control period order on January 29, 2021 with TDSAT. As per the AERA Order no. 40/2023-24 dated March 15, 2024, the existing tariff as applicable as on March 31, 2024, is extended on interim basis for a further period of six months or till the determination of regular tariffs for the fourth Control Period ("CP4") starting from April 01, 2024 to March 31, 2029.



DIAL had also filed an appeal against the second control period ("CP2") before the TDSAT. Also, DIAL in respect of TDSAT order against first Control period appeal dated April 23, 2018 had filed a limited appeal in the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India on July 21, 2018 in respect of which judgement pronounced on July 11, 2022, citing that all appeals are dismissed, except on the issue relating to corporate tax pertaining to aeronautical services, where DIAL's contention had been accepted that the Annual Fee paid by DIAL should not be deducted from expenses pertaining to aeronautical services before calculating the 'T' (tax) element in the formula.

TDSAT at the request of AERA and concurred by DIAL, had agreed and tagged CP2 appeal with CP3 appeal. The final order was pronounced on July 21, 2023. TDSAT in its order has allowed certain claims of DIAL and disallowed certain others.

AERA and Federation of Indian Airlines (FIA) has filed an appeal before the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India on October 19, 2023 against the judgement dated July 21, 2023 passed by TDSAT. The appeal of AAI has been accepted and matter is listed for hearing on October 24, 2024.

As per the AERA Order no. 40/2023-24 dated March 15, 2024, the existing tariff as applicable as on March 31, 2024, was extended on interim basis for a further period of six months or till the determination of regular tariffs for the fourth Control Period ("CP4") starting from April 01, 2024 to March 31, 2029. Further, AERA has issued order no. 09/2024-25 extending interim arrangement to levy existing tariff till March 31, 2025.

4. The Ministry of Civil Aviation (MoCA) had issued orders in 2014, requiring the Airport Operators to reverse the expenditure incurred from Passenger Service Fees (Security Component) ('PSF (SC)') Fund towards (a) procurement and maintenance of security systems/equipment; (b) construction of residential quarters for Central industrial security force deployed at the Rajiv Gandhi International Airport and other related assets along with interest till date of reversal. GHIAL had utilised approximately Rs.142.00 crore towards the aforesaid expenses till March 31, 2018, excluding related maintenance expense, other costs and interest thereon which is presently unascertainable. The Comptroller and Auditor General of India ('CAG'), during their audits of PSF (SC) fund, observed that the funds utilised by GHIAL is contrary to the directions issued by MoCA. The Management is of the opinion that the utilisation of funds from PSF(SC) escrow account is consistent with the Standard Operating Procedures, guidelines and clarification issued by the MoCA from time to time on the subject of utilization of PSF (SC) funds.

As the above order, in management's opinion, is contrary to and inconsistent with Standard Operating Procedures ('SOP'), guidelines and clarification issued by the MoCA from time to time in this regard, GHIAL had challenged the said order vide writ petition before the Hon'ble High court of Andhra Pradesh. The Hon'ble High Court, vide its order dated March 03, 2014 followed by further clarifications dated April 28, 2014 and December 24, 2014, stayed the MoCA order with an undertaking that, in the event the





decision of the writ petition goes against GHIAL it shall restore the PSF (SC) Fund to this extent. The writ petition was heard, and the Hon'ble High Court of Telangana vide its order dated June 03, 2024 passed a favorable order allowing the writ petition and set-aside the order of MoCA.

Based on the internal assessment, the management is of the view that the relevant timelines for filing further appeal by MoCA against the Hon'ble High Court order has expired, as no appeal has been filed by MoCA as on the date. Hence Management believes that there is no ambiguity in utilization of PSF(SC) Fund considering the favourable judgement by Hon'ble High Court of Telangana. Therefore no adjustments are required to be made in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

- 5. Exceptional items comprise of the (loss)/gain on fair value of financial assets and disposal of investments, provision towards property tax, write back of provision against and payment of MAF as mentioned in note 2 and interest waiver as mentioned in note 6 (c).
- 6. (a) The Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting dated March 17, 2023 had approved the settlement regarding Bonus CCPS B, C and D between the Company, erstwhile GMR Airports Limited (erstwhile GAL) and other Shareholders of erstwhile GAL wherein cash earnouts to be received by the Company were agreed to be settled at Rs 550.00 crore, to be paid in milestone linked tranches and conversion of these Bonus CCPS B, C and D will take place as per the terms of settlement agreement. Further, the Company, erstwhile GAL and other Shareholders of erstwhile GAL have also agreed on the settlement regarding Bonus CCPS A whereby erstwhile GAL will issue such number of additional equity share to the Company and GMR Infra Developers Limited (GIDL) (wholly owned subsidiary) from current 51% to 55% in erstwhile GAL. The settlement is subject to certain conditions specified in the proposed settlement agreement. As part of the settlement agreement, the Company has received 4 tranches of Rs. 400.00 crore towards the sale of these CCPS till March 31, 2024.

During the quarter ended June 30, 2024, on completion of conditions precedent, the Company has received last tranche of Rs. 150.00 crore towards the sale of these CCPS. On July 17, 2024, the board of directors of erstwhile GAL has approved the conversion of CCPS A, B, C and D into equity shares of erstwhile GAL. The consideration of Rs. 550.00 crore towards transfer of CCPS B, C and D has been recognized as gain directly in the other equity during the current quarter ended September 30, 2024 in accordance with the requirements of applicable Indian Accounting Standards.

(b) The Board of directors in its meeting held on March 19, 2023 had approved a detailed Scheme of Merger of erstwhile GMR Airports Limited (erstwhile GAL) with GMR Infra Developers Limited (GIDL) followed by merger of merged GIDL with the Company, referred hereinafter as Merger Scheme. During the quarter ended June 30, 2024, Merger Scheme has been approved by the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Chandigarh bench ("the Tribunal") vide its order dated June 11, 2024 (Certified copy of



the order received on July 02, 2024). The said Tribunal order was filed with the Registrar of Companies by erstwhile GAL, GIDL and the Company on July 25, 2024 thereby the Scheme becoming effective on that date.

Accordingly, erstwhile GAL merged with GIDL and merged GIDL stand merged into the Company with an appointed date of April 01, 2023. Pursuant to the Merger Scheme, 3,410,614,011 equity shares and 65,111,022 Optionally Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares have been issued to Groupe ADP by the Company. As part of the Merger Scheme, the equity shares held by the Company in merged GIDL stands cancelled. The issuance of aforementioned shares has been appropriately accounted in these consolidated financial results and adequate changes have been made in total equity. There is no further impact of the Merger Scheme on the accompanying consolidated financial results

c) On December 10, 2015, the Company had originally issued and allotted the 7.5% Subordinated Foreign Currency Convertible Bonds (FCCBs) aggregating to US\$ 300 million due in FY 2075 to Kuwait Investment Authority (KIA) on which interest is payable on annual basis.

Pursuant to the Demerger of the Company's non-Airport business into GMR Power and Urban Infra Limited (GPUIL) during January 2022, the FCCB liability was split between the Company and GPUIL. Accordingly, FCCBs aggregating to US\$25 million were retained and redenominated in the Company and FCCBs aggregating US\$ 275 million were allocated to GPUIL. As per applicable RBI Regulations and the terms of the Agreements entered between KIA and the Company, the Company had the right to convert the said FCCBs into equity shares at a pre-agreed SEBI mandated conversion price. Upon exercise of such conversion rights, KIA would have been entitled to 1,112,416,666 equity shares of the Company.

During the current quarter, the US\$ 25 million 7.5% Subordinated Foreign Currency Convertible Bonds (FCCBs), issued by the Company to KIA have been transferred by KIA to two eligible lenders i.e., Synergy Industrials Metals and Power Holdings Limited ("Synergy") (US\$ 14 million) and to GRAM Limited ("GRAM") (US\$ 11 million).

Accordingly, the 7.5% US\$ 25 million FCCBs have been converted dated July 10, 2024 into 1,112,416,666 no. of equity shares of Rs.1/- each, proportionately to the above mentioned two FCCB holders, as per the agreed terms and basis receipt of a conversion notice from the said FCCB holders. As the FCCB holders are equity investors, and as a part of the overall commercials between the parties, the outstanding interest payable on the FCCB's of Rs. 106.91 crore was waived. Considering the same, the Group has recognized exceptional gain in these financial results for the quarter and six-month period ended September 30, 2024.

7. The consolidated financial results for the six month period ended September 30, 2024 reflected total equity of Rs. (725.46) crore and loss from continuing operations after tax amounting to Rs. 766.34 crore. The Group's operating performance, including cash flows from operations has significantly improved from the previous periods and will be able to generate funds to meet its obligations. The losses during the current





period and consequential impact on total equity is primarily on account of higher depreciation and finance cost post capitalisation of various projects during the previous year. The management is of the view that these losses are temporary in nature, the revenue and margins will further improve in the subsequent years post receipt of the tariff orders for DIAL and GHIAL (as referred to in note 3) for the upcoming concession period.

- 8. On June 28,2024, due to incessant rain and wind, the departure forecourt canopy at Old Terminal 1D was partially damaged. As a precautionary measure, all flight operations from Terminal1D were shifted to Terminal 2 and Terminal 3. The Company formed a technical committee for identifying the cause and assessment of damage. Further, Ministry of Civil Aviation appointed Indian Institute of Technology (IIT) Delhi for technical assessment. The Company will take needful action based on the reports of both the committees. The new expanded Terminal-1 forming part of Phase 3A expansion has been fully commissioned on August 17, 2024. The collapsed structure has been cleared, the strength of the remaining structure has been assessed by a reputed National Accreditation Board for Testing and Calibration Laboratories (NABL) accredited agency and validated by IIT-BHU. As per the report, the RCC structure is safe and sound, there are no structural flaws in the steel structure and some minor repair is required on portion affected by the partial collapse.
- 9. The Group has presented profit/ (loss) before finance costs, taxes, depreciation, amortisation expense and exceptional items as EBITDA.
- 10. Notes to additional disclosures as per regulation 52(4) of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligation and Disclosures Requirements) Regulation, 2015 as amended:
 - a) Net worth represents Paid-up equity share capital plus other equity including non-controlling interest.
 - b) Debt equity ratio represents Total debt (Non-current borrowings + Current borrowings + Non-current lease liabilities + Current lease liabilities) / Shareholder's equity (Equity share capital + Other equity+ non-controlling interest).
 - c) Debt service coverage ratio represents Earnings available for debt servicing. (Net profit after taxes + Non-cash operating expenses like depreciation and amortisation + finance costs+ exceptional items) / Debt service (finance costs + lease payments + principal repayments of borrowings).
 - d) Interest service coverage ratio represents Earnings available for interest servicing. (Net profit after taxes
 + Non-cash operating expenses like depreciation and amortisation + finance costs + exceptional items)
 / finance costs.



- e) Current ratio represent current assets (excluding assets held for sale)/ current liabilities (excluding liabilities classified as held for sale).
- f) Long term debt to working capital represents (non-current borrowings + non-current lease liabilities/ (Current assets (excluding assets held for sale) less Current liabilities (excluding liabilities classified as held for sale)) (including current maturities of non-current borrowings).
- g) Current liability ratio represents Current liabilities (excluding liabilities classified as held for sale) (including current maturities of non-current borrowings) / Total liabilities.
- h) Total debt to total assets represents Total debt (non-current borrowings including lease liabilities, current borrowings and current maturities of non-current borrowings)/Total assets.
- i) Trade receivables turnover ratio represents Revenue from operations / average trade receivables (including unbilled receivables).
- j) Net profit margin represents Profit/ (loss) after tax / Revenue from operations.
- k) Operating margin represents EBITDA / Revenue from operations.
- 1) Inventory turnover ratio represents cost of goods sold (Cost of materials consumed+ Purchases of traded goods+ Changes in inventories of stock in trade) / Average Inventory
- m) Debenture Redemption reserve being a statutory reserve in nature considered at gross value.
 - The above ratio has been calculated as per consolidated statement of profit and loss from continuing operations.
- 11. Finance cost includes foreign exchange fluctuation gain/ (loss) of (Rs. 70.64 crore), Rs. 16.38 crore, Rs. 23.15 crore, (Rs. 54.26 crore), Rs. 41.04 crore and (Rs. 5.47 crore) for the quarter ended September 30, 2024, for the quarter ended June 30, 2024, for the quarter ended September 30, 2023, for six month period ended September 30, 2024 and for the year ended March 31, 2024 respectively in relation to foreign currency convertible bonds issued to Aeroports De Paris.
- 12. Mihan India Limited (MIL) issued the bid for upgradation, modernisation, operation and maintenance of Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar International Airport, Nagpur ("Concession Agreement"). Erstwhile GMR Airports Limited was a successful bidder and was issued Letter of Award dated March 07, 2019 and subsequently erstwhile GAL incorporated GMR Nagpur International Airport Limited ("GNIAL") for





execution of the Concession Agreement with MIL. On March 19, 2020, MIL issued a communication letter to erstwhile GAL and annulling the process of bidding. Erstwhile GAL & GNIAL filed W.P. No. 1723 of 2020 before Hon'ble High Court of Bombay, Nagpur Bench challenging the annulment letter and seeking direction to direct MIL to execute Concession Agreement. On August 18, 2021, Hon'ble High Court of Bombay, Nagpur Bench decided the writ favourably setting aside the annulment letter issued by MIL and directing MIL to execute the Concession Agreement. However, MIL, Govt. of Maharashtra (GoM), Ministry of Civil Aviation (MoCA) and Airports Authority of India (AAI) filed SLP and challenged this order before Hon'ble Supreme Court of India. Hon'ble Supreme Court upheld the judgment of Hon'ble High Court in its order dated May 09, 2022. Subsequently, Review Petitions were filed by MIL, GOM & AAI in Hon'ble Supreme Court raising issues in such order, however the same were dismissed by Court by its order dated August 12, 2022. The said Order was challenged by the Authorities seeking for a reconsideration of the judgement through curative petition that was ultimately disposed-off by Hon'ble Supreme Court by its order dated September 27, 2024. With all the legal hurdles now finally concluded, GNIAL has signed a Concession Agreement on October 08, 2024 with MIL, whereby GNIAL is garnered the concession to upgrade, develop and operate the Nagpur's Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar International Airport. As per the provisions of the Concession Agreement, both MIL as well as GNIAL are required to fulfill various conditions precedents within a specified time period post which Commercial Operation Date (COD) will be declared.

- 13. GMR Airports Limited (formerly known as GMR Airports Infrastructure Limited), received a Letter of Award (LOA) from Delhi International Airport Limited (DIAL), that the Company has emerged as the Selected Bidder to develop, operate, manage and maintain the Duty-Free Outlets at the Delhi Airport (Delhi Duty Free Concession). Subsequent to the issuance of the LOA, the Company has entered into a License Agreement August 21, 2024 towards the said Delhi Duty Free Concession, to take up the operations from July 28, 2025 onwards and hence the future operations and the value accretion would be consummated directly in the Company.
- 14. On September 09, 2024 the Holding Company has entered into a share purchase agreement with Fraport AG Frankfurt Airport Services worldwide to acquire its shareholding in DIAL (equivalent to 10% of paid up share capital of DIAL) for US \$126 million. The transaction is subject to certain conditions specified in the share purchase agreement. Since, transaction is pending completion of conditions precedent hence no impact for the same has been taken in these consolidated financial results.
- 15. The accompanying consolidated financial results of the Group for quarter and six month period ended September 30, 2024 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors at their meeting on October 24, 2024.





16. Previous quarter/ period/ year's figures have been regrouped / reclassified, wherever necessary, to confirm the current period classification.

For **GMR Airports Limited** (formerly known as GMR Airports Infrastructure Limited)

Place: Dubai

Date: October 24, 2024

Grandhi Kiran Kumar

Managing Director & CEO

DIN: 00061669



